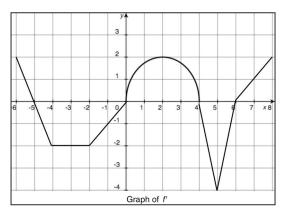
- **Example A4:** The function *f* is defined and differentiable on the interval [-6, 8] and satisfies f(0) = -3. The graph of y = f'(x), the derivative of *f*, consists of a semicircle and six line segments as shown in the figure below.
 - a) Find f(6) and f(-6). (2)
 - b) Find the *x* coordinate of each point of inflection of the graph of y = f(x) on
 -6 < x < 8. Explain your reasoning. (1)



- c) Find the equation of the tangent line to f at x = -6. Use this line to approximate f(-5.9). Is this value an over-approximation or under-approximation? Explain. (2)
- d) Find the absolute maximum value of f(x) on $-6 \le x \le 8$. Justify your answer. (2)
- e) The function g is defined as $g(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} f(x)$. Find the values of x for each critical point of g on -6 < x < 8. Explain your reasoning. (2)