

## Solving Quadratic Equations By Factoring

Date\_\_\_\_\_ Period\_\_\_\_

**Solve each equation by factoring.**

1)  $(3n - 2)(4n + 1) = 0$

2)  $m(m - 3) = 0$

3)  $(5n - 1)(n + 1) = 0$

4)  $(n + 2)(2n + 5) = 0$

5)  $3k^2 + 72 = 33k$

6)  $n^2 = -18 - 9n$

7)  $7v^2 - 42 = -35v$

8)  $k^2 = -4k - 4$

9)  $-2v^2 - v + 12 = -3v^2 + 6v$

10)  $-4n^2 + 6n - 16 = -5n^2$

$$11) \ 8r^2 + 3r + 2 = 7r^2$$

$$12) \ b^2 + b = 2$$

$$13) \ 10n^2 - 35 = 65n$$

$$14) \ 3x^2 - 8x = 16$$

$$15) \ 16n^2 - 114n = -14$$

$$16) \ 28n^2 = -96 - 184n$$

$$17) \ 7a^2 + 32 = 7 - 40a$$

$$18) \ 42x^2 - 69x + 20 = 7x^2 - 8$$

**Critical thinking questions. True/False.**

19) If a quadratic equation can be factored and each factor contains only real numbers then there cannot be an imaginary solution.

20) If a quadratic equation cannot be factored then it will have at least one imaginary solution.